

KANSAS CITY DISTRICT

NAVIGATION

Flow Analysis below Kansas City

Stu Cook

Chief of Operations

Kansas City District

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US Army Corps of Engineers
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What this briefing is:

- Status brief on one of the two USACE commitments from previous meetings
 - ▶ Review Missouri River design documents to determine what inflow (Q) was assumed below Kansas City in the design of the river. Then look at actual inflows and compare them with what was anticipated in design docs.
 - ▶ Independent of any other flow regulations, etc
 - ▶ The other will be discussed in the second briefing



What this is not

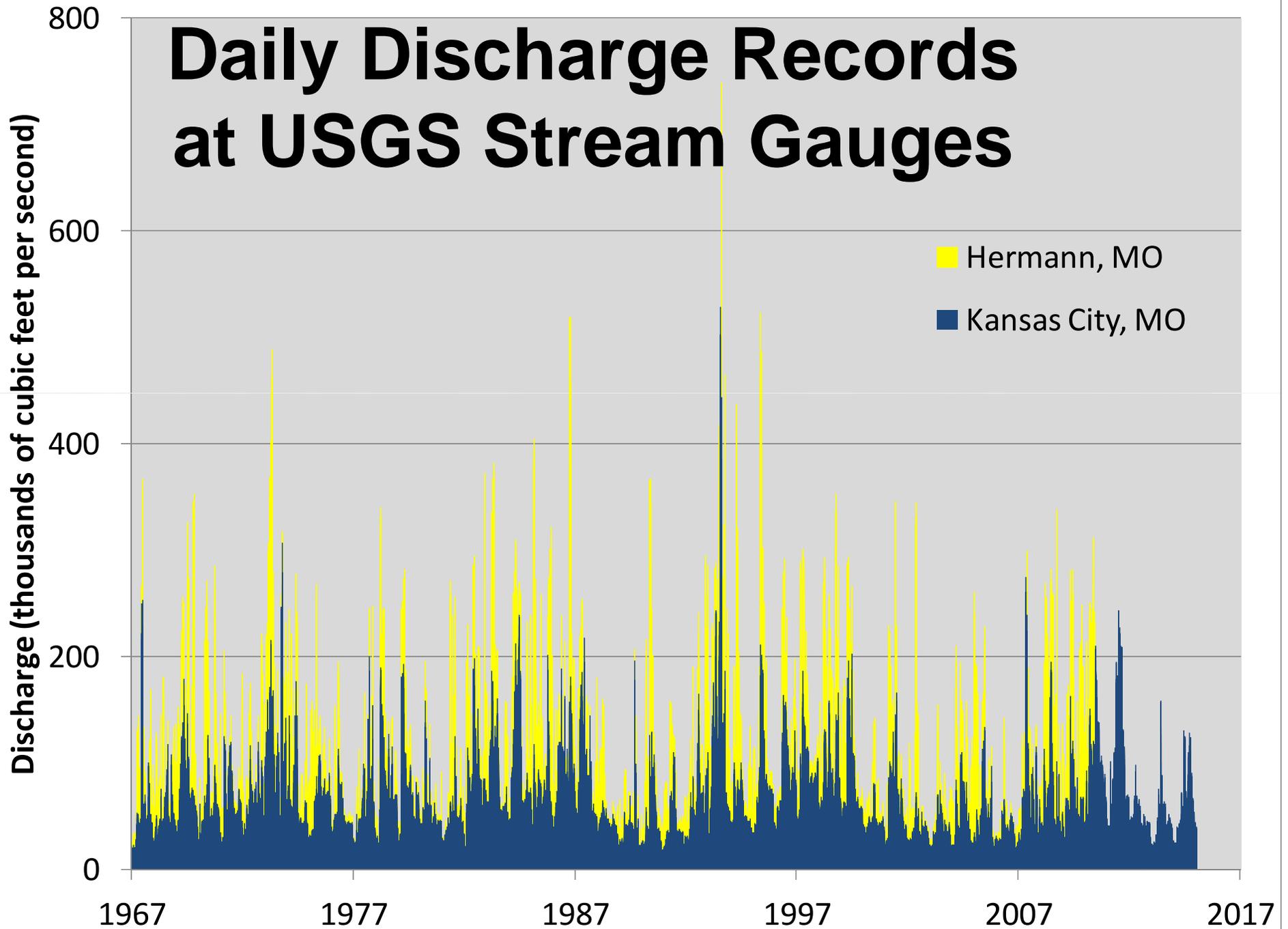
I want to be very clear

- A briefing to suggest doing anything with the master manual
- A briefing to advocate for another control point on the Missouri River

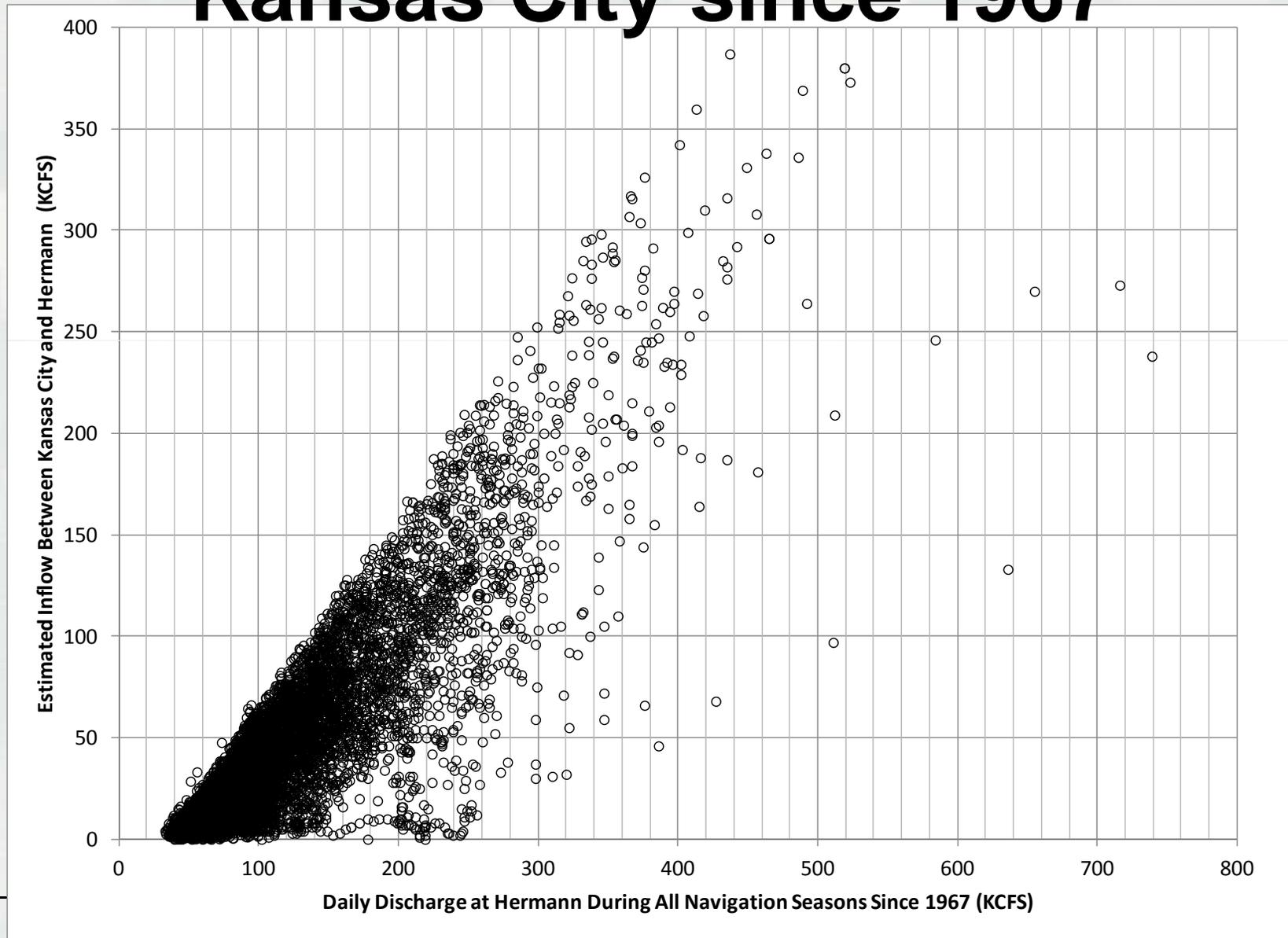


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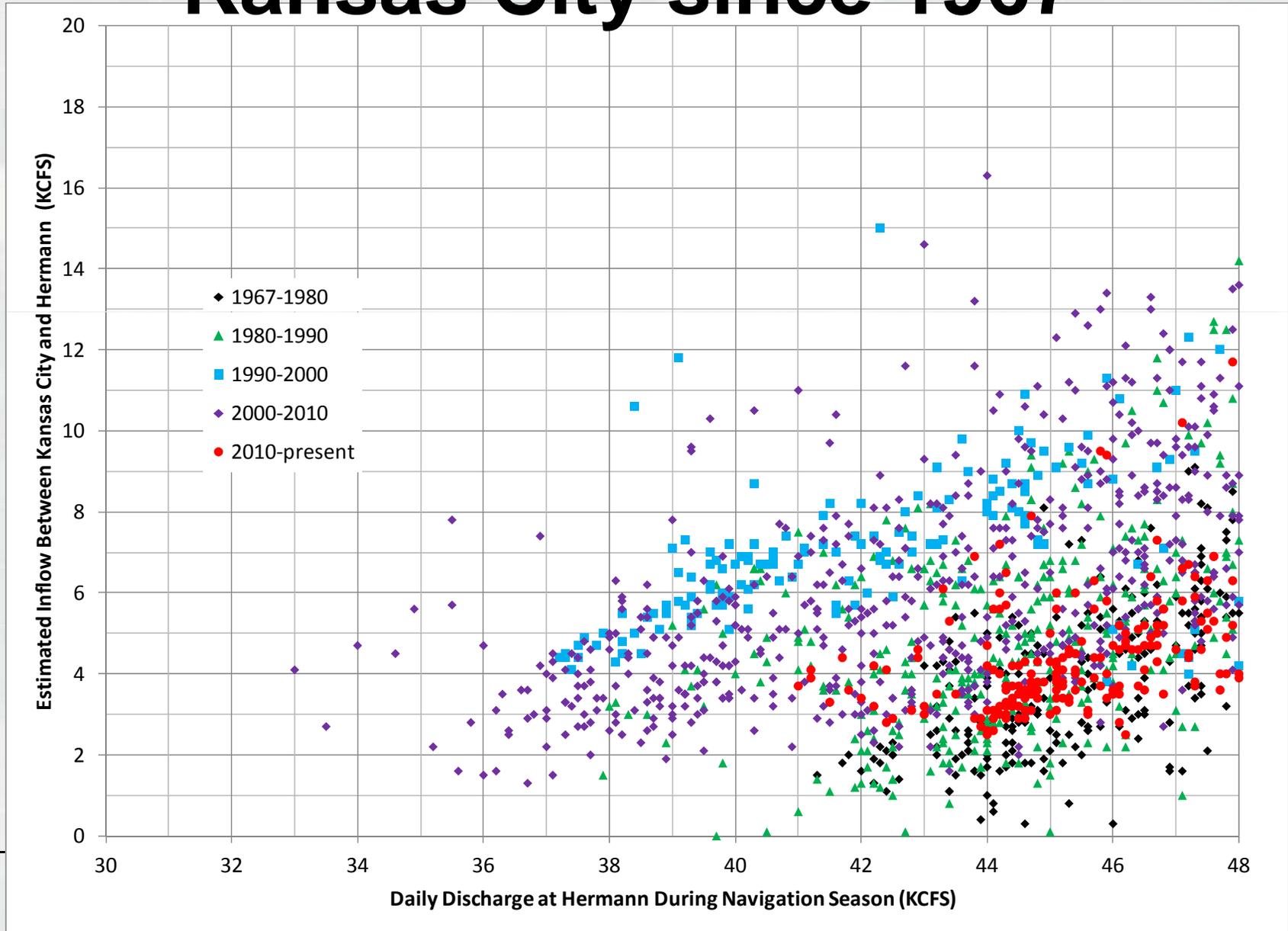
Daily Discharge Records at USGS Stream Gauges



Tributary inflows downstream of Kansas City since 1967



Tributary inflows downstream of Kansas City since 1967



What were the design discharges?

MISSOURI RIVER NAVIGATION PROJECT STRUCTURE DESIGN CRITERIA

December 1973

	Channel Width	Channel Width to Sills	Dike Height		Revetment		Sills	Crossing Control Structures
			Concave	Convex	L-Head	SFR		
Sioux City-Platte R. (Mile 734 to 594)	600'	500'	+1.0	0	0	+1.0	0 to -5	+2.0
Platte River-Rulo (Mile 594 to 498)	600'	500'	+2.0	+1.0	+1.0	+2.0	0 to -5	+3.0
Rulo-Kansas River (Mile 498 to 367)	800'	550'	+3.0	+1.0	+1.0	+3.0	-2.0	+4.0
Kansas R-Grand River (Mile 367 to 250)	900'	600'	+3.0	+1.0	+1.0	+3.0	-2.0	+4.0
Grand R-Osage River (Mile 250 to 130)	1000'	650'	+4.0	+2.0	+2.0	+4.0	-2.0	+5.0
Osage R-Mouth (Mile 130 to 0)	1100'	750'	+5.0	+3.0	+3.0	+5.0	-1.0	+6.0
Percent of time proposed height criteria is exceeded during the navigation season	--	--	30%	50%	50%	30%	>95%	20%

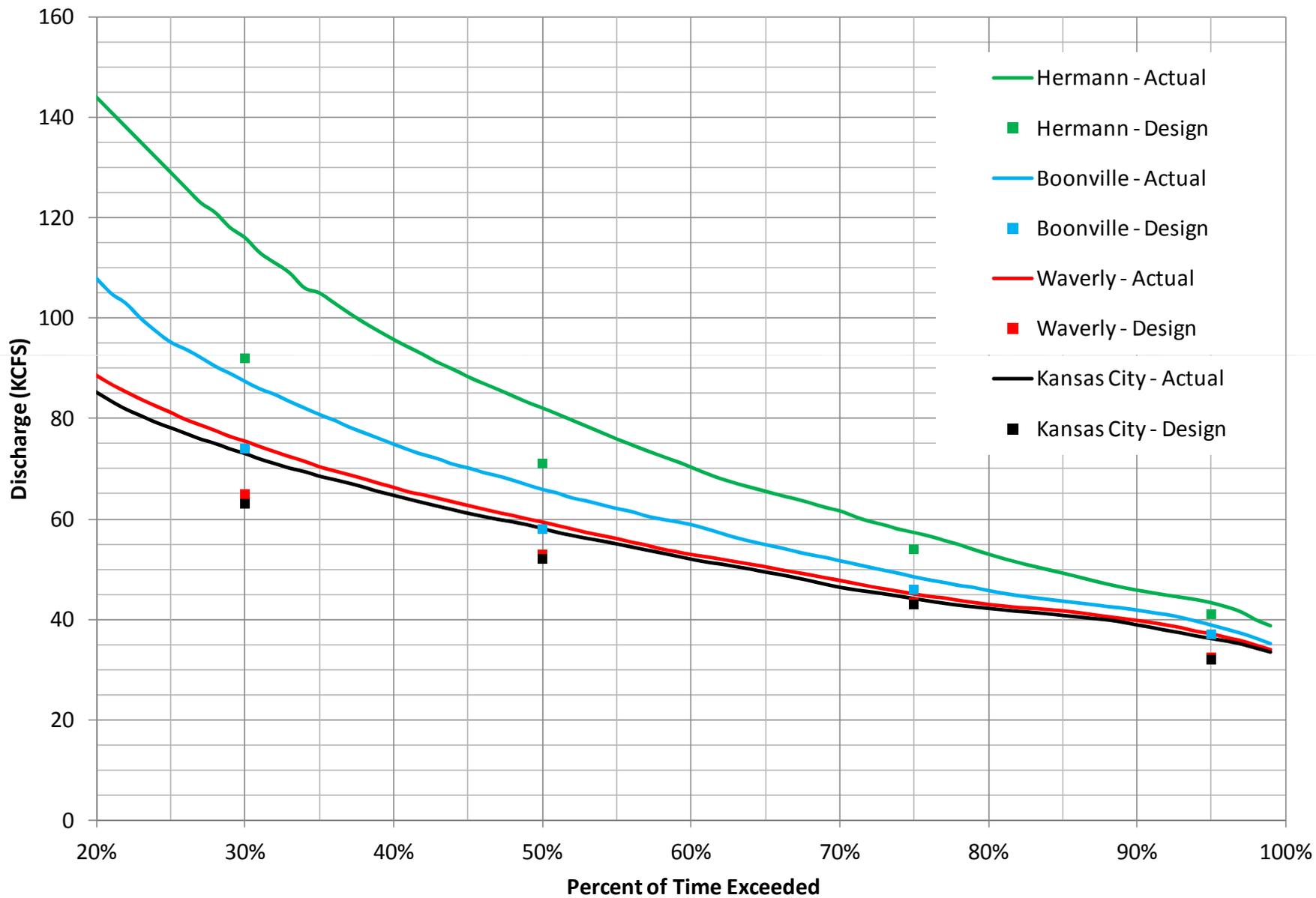
NOTE: The above structure height criteria is referenced to Q₇₅ (CRP) as determined from a 1972 Summer Rating Curve. Q₇₅ = Discharge occurring 75 percent of time. CRP = Construction Reference Plane (Computed Sloping Plane for referencing structure elevations)

Station	Q ₇₅ = Q _{CRP}	CRP Elev.	Q ₂₀	Q ₃₀	Q ₅₀	Q ₉₅
Ponca (754)	30,000	1100.9	37,000	33,000	40,000	25,000
Sioux City (734.8)	30,000	1077.9	37,000	33,000	40,000	25,000
Omaha (615.9)	31,000	964.8	39,000	36,000	43,000	26,000
Rulo (498.0)	36,500	847.9	55,000	50,000	43,000	30,000
St. Joseph (448.2)	37,500	798.4	56,000	52,000	44,000	30,500
Kansas City (366.1)	43,000	721.9	74,000	63,000	52,000	32,000
Waverly (293.4)	43,500	657.0	76,000	65,000	53,000	32,500
Boonville (197.1)	46,000	574.9	88,000	74,000	58,000	37,000
Hermann (97.9)	54,000	489.6	110,000	92,000	71,000	41,000

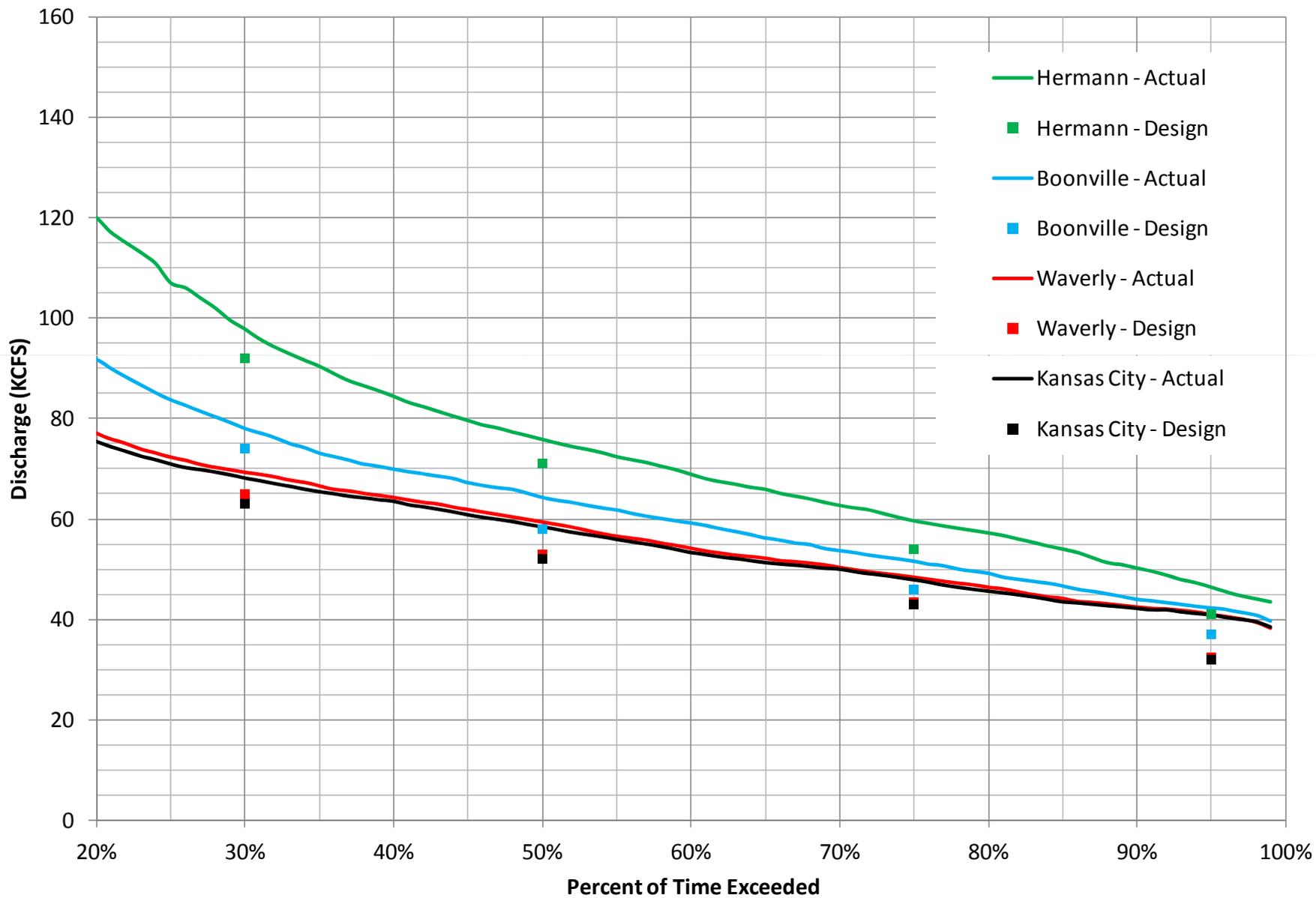
TABLE 8 - STRUCTURE DESIGN CRITERIA (1973)



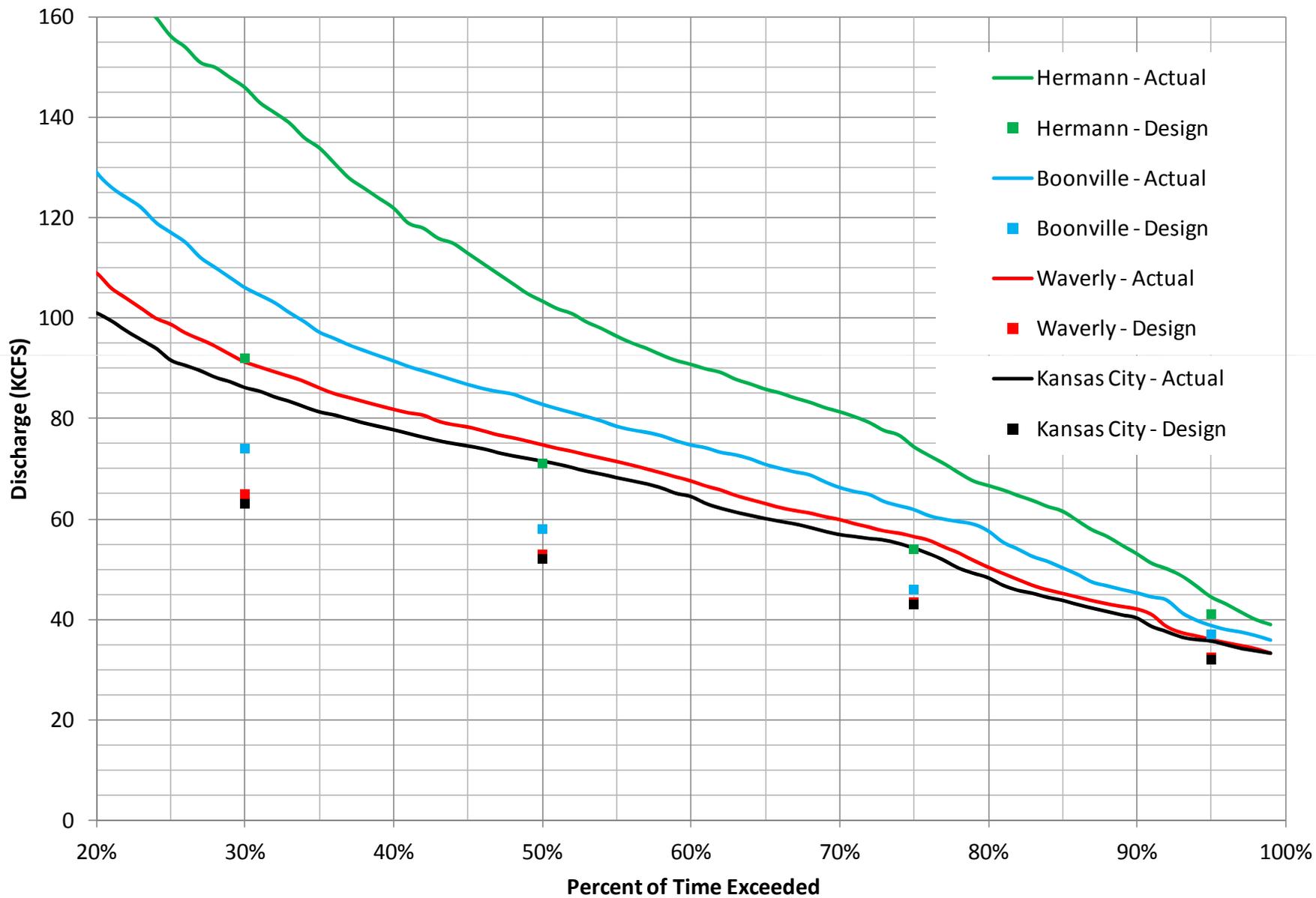
Flow Exceedances Compared to Design During Navigation Season Between Years 1967 - 2014



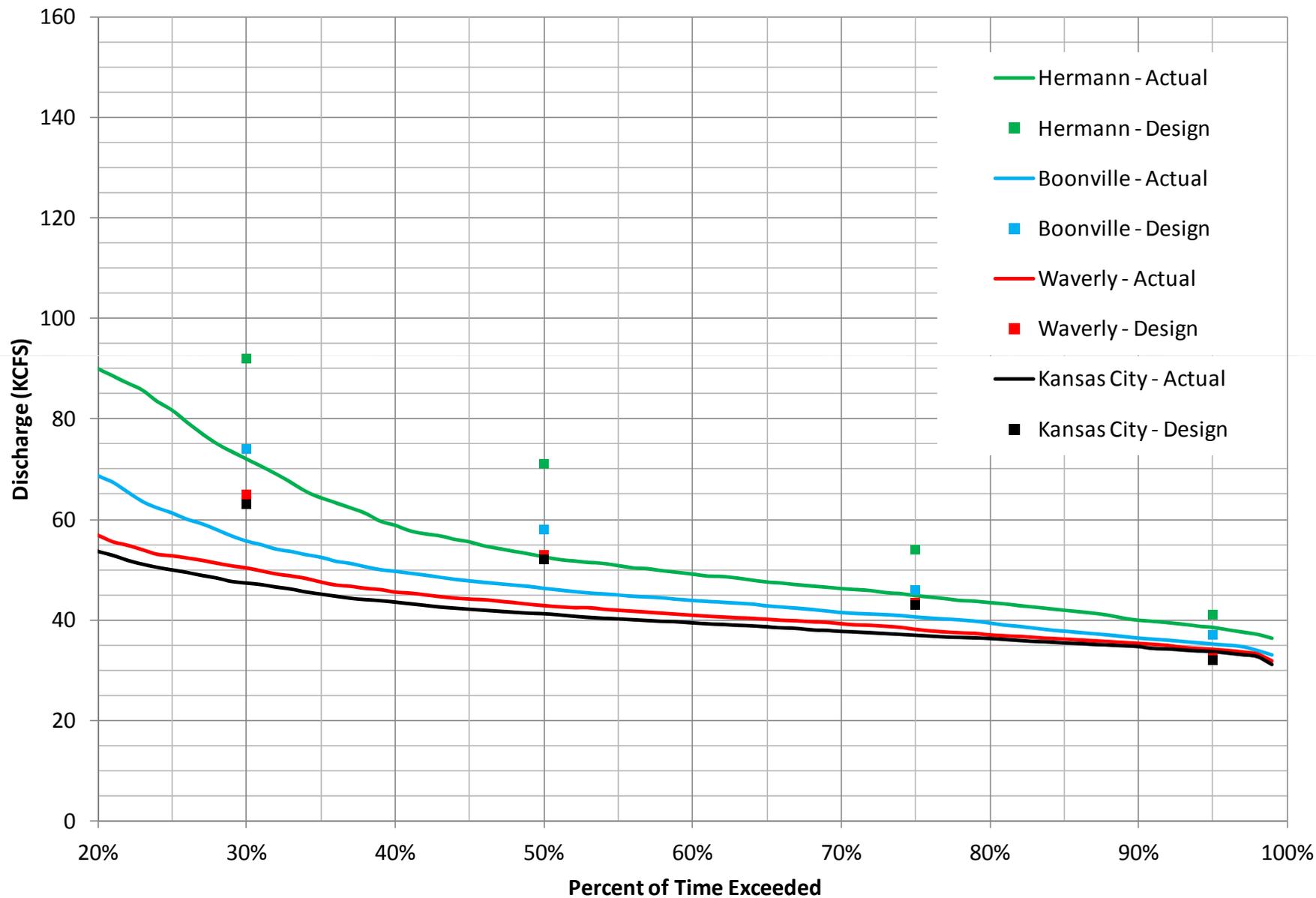
Flow Exceedances Compared to Design During Navigation Season Between Years 1967 - 1980



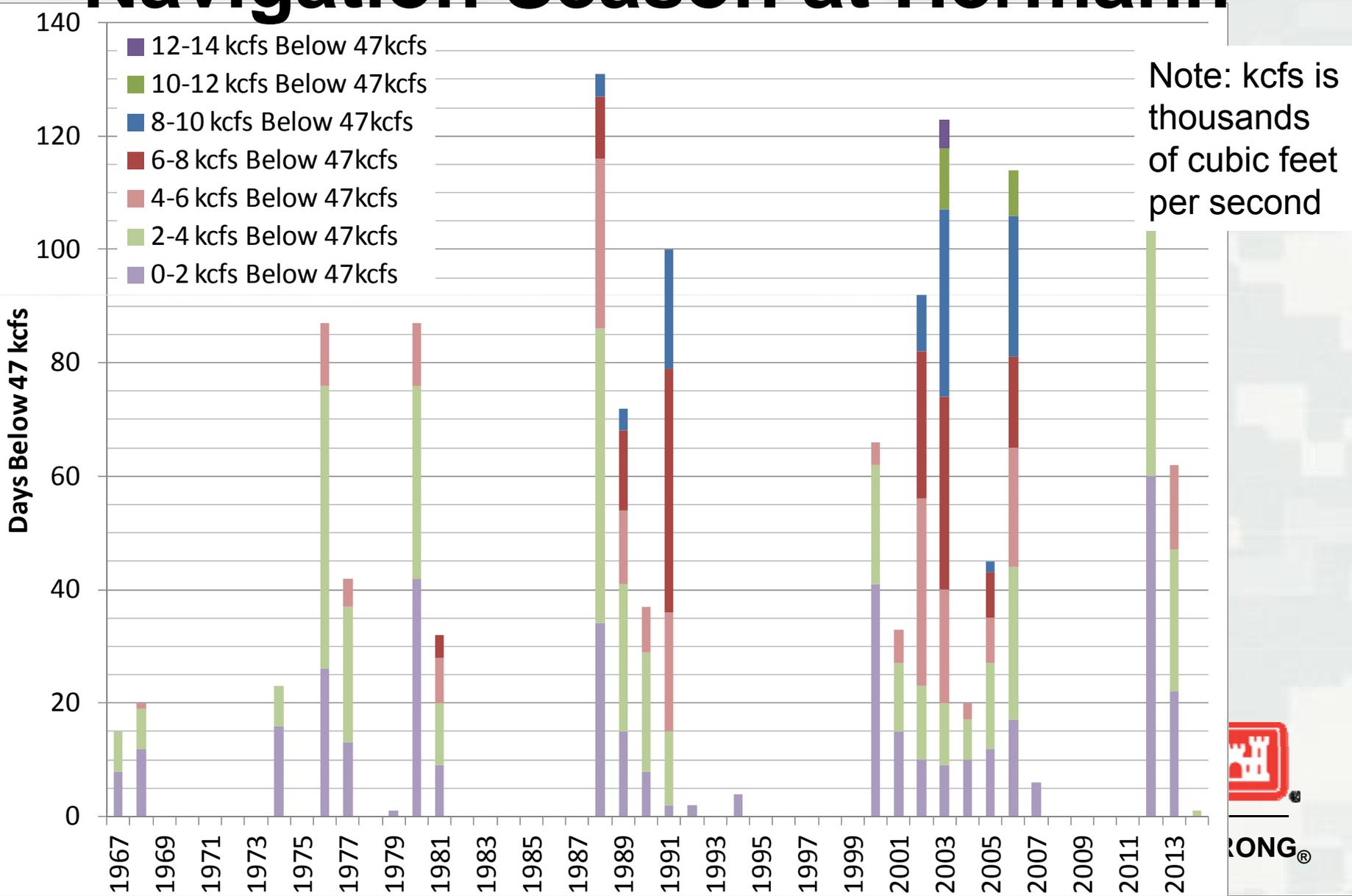
Flow Exceedances Compared to Design During Navigation Season Between Years 1990 - 2000



Flow Exceedances Compared to Design During Navigation Season Between Years 2000 - 2007



Number of Low Flow Days During Navigation Season at Hermann



What's Next

- This issue was more complex than originally anticipated
- Additional analysis/study
 - ▶ Continue to review the design criteria to gain better understanding
 - ▶ More comprehensive investigation? Missouri River 216 evaluation?

